

## CHAPTER 8: THE KID

### PAROXYTONE NOUNS

#### Paroxytone –ος Declension

	sing.	pl.
Nom.	ὁ λόγος	οἱ λόγοι
Gen.	τοῦ λόγου	τῶν λόγων
Dat.	τῷ λόγῳ	τοῖς λόγοις
Acc.	τὸν λόγον	τοὺς λόγους

#### Paroxytone –η Declension

	sing.	pl.
Nom.	ἡ τέχνη	αἱ τέχναι
Gen.	τῆς τέχνης	τῶν τεχνῶν
Dat.	τῇ τέχνῃ	ταῖς τέχναις
Acc.	τὴν τέχνην	τάς τέχνας

Notice that the accent of feminine paroxytone nouns appears on the ultima in the genitive plural.

#### Paroxytone Neuter –ον Declension

	sing.	pl.
Nom.	τὸ ἔργον	τὰ ἔργα
Gen.	τοῦ ἔργου	τῶν ἔργων
Dat.	τῷ ἔργῳ	τοῖς ἔργοις
Acc.	τὸ ἔργον	τὰ ἔργα

## PAROXYTONE ADJECTIVES

## Paroxytone -ος, -η, -ον Adjective Declension

	sing.		
	masc.	fem.	neut.
Nom.	φίλος	φίλη	φίλον
Gen.	φίλου	φίλης	φίλου
Dat.	φίλῳ	φίλῃ	φίλῳ
Acc.	φίλον	φίλην	φίλον
	pl.		
Nom.	φίλοι	φίλαι	φίλα
Gen.	φίλων	φίλων	φίλων
Dat.	φίλοις	φίλαις	φίλοις
Acc.	φίλους	φίλας	φίλα

## Paroxytone -ος, -α, -ον Adjective Declension

	sing.		
	masc.	fem.	neut.
Nom.	νέος	νέα	νέον
Gen.	νέου	νέας	νέου
Dat.	νέῳ	νέῃ	νέῳ
Acc.	νέον	νέαυ	νέον
	pl.		
Nom.	νέοι	νέαι	νέα
Gen.	νέων	νέων	νέων
Dat.	νέοις	νέαις	νέοις
Acc.	νέους	νέας	νέα

## PAROXYTONE NOUNS AND ENCLITICS

As seen in chapter 5, the monosyllabic enclitics τε and γε do not alter the accentuation of a preceding paroxytone word. Bisyllabic enclitics, such as the bisyllabic forms of εἰμί, are themselves accentuated when they follow paroxytone words. A bisyllabic enclitic word following a paroxytone word will become itself an oxytone word. It will thus have an acute accent when followed by a pause, or a grave accent when followed by another word.

ἐν τῷ ἀγρῷ τὸ δένδρον ἐστίν.      The tree is in the field.  
 τὸ δένδρον ἐστίν ἐν τῷ ἀγρῷ.      The tree is in the field.

## VOCABULARY

ἀκμή, ἀκμῆς – τὸ	point, edge; tip
οἷστός, οἷστοῦ - ὁ	arrow
δένδρον, δένδρου – τὸ	tree
ἔργον, ἔργου – τὸ	action, deed
παιδίον, παιδίου – τὸ	child
τέκνον, τέκνου – τὸ	kid; offspring
τόξον, τόξου – τὸ	bow
τοξεύω	shoot (with a bow)
νέος, νέα, νέον	new; young
φίλος, φίλη, φίλον	dear; friendly

## MORPHOLOGY EXERCISES

A. Translate the following noun forms and phrases.

- |                   |                          |
|-------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. τῆ ἀκμῆ        | 6. τοὺς οἰστοὺς          |
| 2. τοῦ δένδρου    | 7. τοῖς ἔργοις           |
| 3. τὰ φίλα παιδία | 8. τῶν νέων τέκνων       |
| 4. τὸ ἔργον       | 9. οἱ οἰστοί             |
| 5. τῆς ἀκμῆς      | 10. τὴν τοῦ οἰστοῦ ἀκμῆν |

B. Translate the following verb forms.

- |             |              |
|-------------|--------------|
| 1. τοξεύεις | 3. τοξεύομεν |
| 2. τοξεύετε | 4. τοξεύουσι |

C. Complete the accentuation of the following phrases.

- |                                  |                                 |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. δενδρα τε                     | 6. τεκνον ἐστι                  |
| 2. ἐν τῷ δενδρῳ εἶμι             | 7. τεκνον εἰ                    |
| 3. παιδίον εἶμι                  | 8. τεκνα ἐσμεν                  |
| 4. παρὰ τοῖς δενδροῖς ἐστε       | 9. ἐν τῇ σκιᾷ τῶν δενδρων εἰσιν |
| 5. ἐν τῇ ἀκμῆ τοῦ δενδρου ἐστιν. |                                 |

D. Translate into Ancient Greek

- |                              |                             |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. the trees (direct object) | 6. of the deeds             |
| 2. to or for the kid         | 7. of the child             |
| 3. the bows (subject)        | 8. to or for the children   |
| 4. of the trees              | 9. the tip (direct object)  |
| 5. the arrow (direct object) | 10. the young kid (subject) |

## MODEL SENTENCES

1. τῷ τοῦ γεωργοῦ υἱῷ ἔστι τόξον.

The farmer's son has a bow.

2. τὸ παιδίον τοξεύει τὸ τέκνον τοῦ κριοῦ.

The child shoots the kid of the ram.

3. ἡ ἀκμὴ τοῦ οἴστοῦ βλάπτει τὴν χηλὴν τοῦ νέου κριοῦ.

The tip of the arrow injures the young ram's hoof.

4. τὸ τέκνον σπεύδει πρὸς τὰ δένδρα.

The kid rushes towards the trees.

5. ἡ σκιά τῶν δένδρων κρύπτει τὸ τέκνον.

The shade of the trees hides the kid.

6. ἡ ἀδελφὴ σχολάζει ἐν τῇ τῶν δένδρων σκιᾷ.

The sister is resting in the shade of the trees.

7. ἡ ἀδελφὴ πράττει καλὸν ἔργον.

The sister does a noble deed.

8. ἡ ἀδελφὴ θεραπεύει τὴν τέκνου χηλὴν.

The sister treats the kid's hoof.

## GREEK TO ENGLISH SENTENCES

1. τοῖς τῶν γεωργῶν υἱοῖς ἔστι τόξα.
2. τόξον ἔστι τῷ τοῦ γεωργοῦ ἀδελφῷ.
3. τὰ παιδιά τὸ τοῦ κριοῦ τέκνον τοξεύουσιν.
4. τοξεύετε τὰ τῶν κριῶν τέκνα.
5. αἱ τῶν οἰστῶν ἀκμαὶ τὰς τῶν τέκνων χηλῶν βλάπτουσιν.
6. ὁ οἰστός τὴν τῆς χηλῆς ἀκμὴν βλάπτει.
7. οἱ νέοι κριοὶ πρὸς τὸ δένδρον σπεύδουσιν.
8. σπεύδομεν πρὸς τὸ δένδρον.
9. τοὺς νέους κριοὺς κρύπτει ἡ τοῦ δένδρου σκιά.
10. τὰ δένδρα κρύπτει τὰς ἀμνάς.
11. ἡ ἀδελφὴ παρὰ τῷ δένδρῳ σχολάζει.
12. αἱ ἀδελφαὶ ἐν τῇ σκιᾷ σχολάζουσιν.
13. ἡ τοῦ παιδίου ἀδελφὴ πράττει καλὰ ἔργα.
14. τὸ ἔργον τῆς ἀδελφῆς καλόν ἐστιν.
15. τὰς χηλὰς τῶν τέκνων θεραπεύομεν.

## ENGLISH TO GREEK TRANSLATION

1. The farmer's brother shoots the tree.
2. The tip of the arrow does not hurt the tree.
3. We do noble deeds.
4. The kids are young.
5. The child is in the tree.